

Medical Coverage Policy | Intra-Articular Hyaluronan Injections for Osteoarthritis



EFFECTIVE DATE: 02 | 01 | 2016

POLICY LAST UPDATED: 07 | 02 | 2025

OVERVIEW

Knee osteoarthritis (OA) is common, costly, and a cause of substantial disability. Among U.S. adults, the most common causes of disability are arthritis and rheumatic disorders. Currently, no curative therapy is available for OA, and thus the overall goals of management are to reduce pain, disability, and the need for knee replacement surgery. Intra-articular injection of hyaluronan (IAHA) into osteoarthritic joints is thought to replace endogenous hyaluronan, restore the viscoelastic properties of the synovial fluid, and improve pain and function.

This policy is applicable to Commercial Products only. For Medicare Advantage Plans, Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BCBSRI) follows Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) National and Local Coverage Determinations (NCD/LCD) guidelines. Please see the Related Policies section.

MEDICAL CRITERIA

Not applicable

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Not applicable

POLICY STATEMENT

Commercial Products

Intra-articular hyaluronan injections of the knee and all other joints are considered not medically necessary as the evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes.

COVERAGE

Benefits may vary between groups and contracts. Please refer to the appropriate Benefit Booklet, Evidence of Coverage, or Subscriber Agreement for applicable not medically necessary benefits/coverage.

BACKGROUND

Knee osteoarthritis (OA) is common, costly, and a cause of substantial disability. Among U.S. adults, the most common causes of disability are arthritis and rheumatic disorders.

Currently, no curative therapy is available for OA, and thus the overall goals of management are to reduce pain, disability, and need for surgery. Intra-articular injection of hyaluronan (IAHA) has been proposed as a means of restoring the normal viscoelasticity of the synovial fluid in patients with OA and reducing pain and improving function. This treatment may also be called viscosupplementation. Hyaluronan is a naturally occurring macromolecule that is a major component of synovial fluid and is thought to contribute to its viscoelastic properties. Chemical crosslinking of hyaluronan increases its molecular weight; cross-linked hyaluronans are referred to as hylans. In OA, the overall length of hyaluronan chains present in cartilage and the hyaluronan concentration in the synovial fluid are decreased.

IAHA into osteoarthritic joints is proposed to reduce pain and improve function. It is thought to replace endogenous hyaluronan and restore the viscoelastic properties of the synovial fluid. Most studies to date have assessed hyaluronan injections for knee osteoarthritis (OA), and this is the U.S. Food and Drug

Administration approved indication. Other joints (eg, hip, shoulder) are being investigated for IAHA treatment of OA.

For individuals who have OA of the knee who receive IAHA, the evidence includes randomized controlled trials (RCTs) and systematic reviews of RCTs. Relevant outcomes are symptoms, functional outcomes, and treatment-related morbidity. Many RCTs have been published over the last 2 decades. While outcomes of these RCTs have been mixed, the RCT evidence base is characterized by studies showing small treatment effects of IAHA. In many cases, these trials are at risk of bias, and it cannot be determined with certainty whether there is a true treatment effect or whether the reported differences are due to bias. Meta-analyses of RCTs have also had mixed findings. Some meta-analyses estimating the magnitude of treatment benefit have concluded that there is no clinically significant benefit; others have concluded that there is a clinically significant benefit. These meta-analyses have also highlighted the limitations of this evidence base, most notably publication bias and small trial bias. For example, a meta-analysis (2016) found more than a 3-fold larger treatment effect in small trials than in larger trials (ie, >100 participants). Overall, given the lack of a definitive treatment benefit despite a large quantity of literature, and given the biases present in the available evidence, it is unlikely there is a treatment benefit that is clinically meaningful. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement on net health outcome.

For individuals who have OA of joints other than the knee who receive IAHA, the evidence includes RCTs, systematic reviews of RCTs, and observational studies. Relevant outcomes are symptoms, functional outcomes, and treatment-related morbidity. Meta-analyses of RCTs either have not found statistically significant benefits of the procedure on health outcomes or have found benefits that were statistically, but likely not clinically, significant (eg, 0.27-point improvement on a 10-point visual analog scale for hip OA). The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes.

CODING

Commercial Products

The following codes are considered not medically necessary;

- J7318** Hyaluronan or derivative, durolane, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg
- J7320** Hyaluronan or derivative, GenVisc 850, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg;
- J7321** Hyaluronan or derivative, Hyalgan or Supartz, for intra-articular injection, per dose
- J7322** Hyaluronan or derivative, Hymovis, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg;
- J7323** Hyaluronan or derivative, Euflexxa, for intra-articular injection, per dose
- J7324** Hyaluronan or derivative, Orthovisc, for intra-articular injection, per dose
- J7325** Hyaluronan or derivative, Synvisc or Synvisc-One, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg
- J7326** Hyaluronan or derivative, Gel-One, for intra-articular injection, per dose
- J7327** Hyaluronan or derivative, Monovisc, for intra-articular injection, per dose
- J7328** Hyaluronan or derivative, Gel-syn, for intra-articular injection, 0.1 mg
- J7329** Hyaluronan or derivative, trivisc, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg
- J7331** Hyaluronan or derivative, synjoyn, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg
- J7332** Hyaluronan or derivative, triluron, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg

The following CPT codes are not medically necessary when used with one of the codes listed above:

- 20610** Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection, major joint or bursa (e.g., shoulder, hip, knee joint, subacromial bursa)
- 20611** Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection, major joint or bursa (e.g., shoulder, hip, knee, subacromial bursa); with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting

RELATED POLICIES

Medicare Advantage Plans National and Local Coverage Determinations

Prior Authorization for Drugs

PUBLISHED

Provider Update, September 2025

Provider Update, December 2024

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