OVERVIEW
Local hyperthermia for treatment of cancer consists of the use of heat to make tumors more susceptible to cancer therapy measures. Whole-body hyperthermia requires the patient to be placed under either general anesthesia or deep sedation.

MEDICAL CRITERIA
Not applicable

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION
Not applicable

POLICY STATEMENT
BlueCHiP for Medicare and Commercial Products
Local hyperthermia therapy may be considered medically necessary when used in combination with radiation therapy for the treatment of patients with primary or metastatic cutaneous or subcutaneous superficial tumors.

Local hyperthermia is not covered for BlueCHiP for Medicare and not medically necessary for Commercial products when used alone or in combination with chemotherapy.

Whole-body hyperthermia therapy is not covered for BlueCHiP for Medicare and not medically necessary for Commercial products as there is insufficient peer-reviewed literature that demonstrates that the procedure is effective.

COVERAGE
Benefits may vary between groups/contracts. Please refer to the appropriate Evidence of Coverage or Subscriber Agreement for the applicable radiation therapy benefits/coverage.

BACKGROUND
Hyperthermia is a type of cancer treatment in which body tissue is exposed to high temperatures (up to 113°F) to damage and kill cancer cells. Hyperthermia can be administered using local and whole-body techniques.

Local hyperthermia entails elevating the temperature of superficial or subcutaneous tumors while sparing surrounding normal tissue, using either external or interstitial modalities. Local hyperthermia therapy may be considered medically necessary when used in combination with radiation therapy for the treatment of patients with primary or metastatic cutaneous or subcutaneous superficial tumors. Local hyperthermia is considered not medically necessary when used alone or in combination with chemotherapy.

Whole-body hyperthermia requires the patient to be placed under either general anesthesia or deep sedation. The patient's body temperature is increased to 108°F by packing the patient in heated (hot water) blankets. The elevated body temperature is maintained for a period of 4 hours, while the essential body functions are closely monitored. Approximately 1 hour is required for a “cooling off” period, after which the patient is constantly observed for a minimum of 12 hours. This modality has been variously termed “systemic
thermotherapy” or “whole-body hyperthermia.” Whole-body hyperthermia therapy is considered not medically necessary. There are inadequate data to permit scientific conclusions regarding the use of whole-body hyperthermia as an adjunct to either radiation or chemotherapy, and inadequate data regarding the use of local hyperthermia in conjunction with chemotherapy alone.

**CODING**

**BlueCHiP for Medicare and Commercial Products**

The following codes are covered for local hyperthermia if medically necessary:

- **77600** Hyperthermia, externally generated; superficial (ie, heating to a depth of 4 cm or less)
- **77610** Hyperthermia generated by interstitial probe(s); 5 or fewer interstitial applicators
- **77615** Hyperthermia generated by interstitial probe(s); more than 5 interstitial applicators

The following codes are not covered for BlueCHiP for Medicare and not medically necessary for Commercial products as there are inadequate data to permit scientific conclusions regarding its efficacy:

- **77605** Hyperthermia, externally generated; deep (ie, heating to depths greater than 4 cm)
- **77620** Hyperthermia generated by intracavitary probe(s)

There is no specific CPT procedure code for whole-body hyperthermia. To report use an unlisted code.

**RELATED POLICIES**

None

**PUBLISHED**

Provider Update, September 2019
Provider Update, November 2018
Provider Update, September 2017
Provider Update, December 2016
Provider Update, December 2015
Provider Update, January 2015
Provider Update, May 2013
Provider Update, April 2012

**REFERENCES**

1. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Medicare Coverage Database: *NCD for Hyperthermia for Treatment of Cancer (110.1).*


