Payment Policy | Coding and Payment Guidelines



EFFECTIVE DATE: 10/15/2016POLICY LAST UPDATED: 08/16/2016

OVERVIEW

This Policy provides an overview of coding and payment guidelines as they pertain to claims submitted to Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BCBSRI). These guidelines follow correct coding guidelines published by National and Regional CMS (including DMEMAC), AMA guidelines, knowledge of anatomy, and the standards of medical practice.

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Not applicable.

POLICY STATEMENT

BCBSRI clinical editing adheres to the following guidelines:

National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI)

Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Rhode Island follows the National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) for all products for physician and hospital outpatient claims.

NCCI are edits based upon code pairs. The edits are in place to prevent codes that should not be reported together from being reported. Usually one of the two members of the pair is a service already included in the other procedure and not reported separately when correctly coding. In some cases, the services are mutually exclusive, i.e., the procedures would not be performed concurrently for clinical reasons.

NCCI edits are of two types:

- 1) There are "0" indicator edits, which are never correctly reported together
- **2)** There are "1" indicator edits, which may be overridden by a modifier (typically modifier 59 or a digit modifier)

The following list of modifiers will be considered exception modifiers and the CCI Edit rules will be applied based on the modifier indicator flag that is in the CMS File:

- Anatomic modifiers: E1-E4, FA, F1-F9, TA, T1-T9, LT, RT, LC, LD, RC, LM, RI
- Global surgery modifiers: 24, 25, 57, 58, 78, 79
- Other modifiers: 27, 59, 91, XE, XS, XP, XU

Physician Fee Schedule

BCBSRI follows CMS Physician Fee Schedule (PFS) Relative Value Units (RVU) for details relating to

- 1) Global period
- 2) Assistant Surgeon
- 3) Two Surgeons (Co-Surgery)
- 4) Bilateral Surgery, and
- 5) Multiple Procedure Reductions status

The Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Relative Value Unit files can be found on the CMS Physician Fee Schedule website (currently labeled PPRRVUxx.xlsx) at

http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/PhysicianFeeSched/PFS-Relative-Value-Files.html

1. Global Period

All procedures on the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule are assigned a Global period of 000, 010, or 090 days. If a procedure has a global period of 090 days, it is defined as a major surgical procedure. If a procedure has a global period of 000 or 010 days, it is defined as a minor surgical procedure. BCBSRI follows the surgical global period as designated by CMS on the Relative Value Units (RVU) files.

2. Assistant Surgeon (Modifiers 80, 81, AS)

When there is an assistant surgeon, the surgeon of record is listed as the primary surgeon. The surgeon of record is responsible for identifying the presence of the assistant surgeon and the work performed. In this situation, the assistant surgeon does not dictate an operative note. An MD, DO, PA, NP, CNS or RFNA serving as the assistant surgeon will report the CPT codes for those procedures.

The primary surgeon would report the procedures without a modifier and at their full fee. The assistant would append the appropriate assistant modifiers and at a reduced fee. The following modifiers should be used:

- Modifier 80: Assistant surgeon (MD or DO) who assisted on the majority of the case
- Modifier 81: Assistant surgeon (MD or DO) who assisted on less than the majority of the case available
- AS Modifier: Medicare modifier for a PA, NP, CNS or RFNA who is an assistant at surgery

Assistant Surgeon Payment Rules

We use the CMS table on the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (PFS) as a guideline to determine if we will pay for an assistant surgeon. These are not medical necessity determinations and are not reviewed for medical necessity if appealed. The payment determination is a contractual payment policy.

The indicators on the PFSRVU file are as follows:

- Indicator 0: Assistant surgeon may be paid with documentation to support medical necessity
- Indicator 1: Assistant surgeon may not be paid
- Indicator 2: Assistant surgeon may be paid
- Indicator 9: Not applicable concept (e.g., service is not surgery)

BCBSRI will only pay for an assistant surgeon for those procedures with an indicator 2 (assistant surgeon may be paid). Participating physicians may not require members to pay an assistant fee even if the members accept responsibility to do so, as this is charging outside of the approved amount.

3. Cosurgeons (Modifier 62)

Cosurgery means that two surgeons, typically each in a different specialty, are performing distinct separate parts of the same procedure. This most frequently occurs when one surgeon performs the approach and the other surgeon performs the definitive procedure. For both surgeons to receive appropriate reimbursement, they must not be assisting each other, but performing distinct and separate parts of the same procedure.

If surgeons of different specialties are each performing a different procedure with specific CPT codes, neither co-surgery nor multiple surgery rules apply, even if performed through the same incision.

In certain instances, co-surgeons may be of the same specialty. In such cases, for services with a "1" or "2" indicator, Medicare Part B may pay for co-surgeons where the documentation justifies the medical necessity for two surgeons without regard to the two specialty requirement.

The cosurgeon modifier 62 should be appended to only one primary procedure code and its associated add-on codes. If the second surgeon continues to assist on the case, he or she becomes the assistant surgeon; modifier 81 or 82 should be used in this case.

When two surgeons are reporting services as cosurgeons, two distinct operative notes are required. The operative notes should not overlap because this negates the concept of cosurgery and will drive the use of the appropriate assistant versus cosurgeon modifiers.

Co-Surgeons Payment Rules

We use Medicare payment policy indicators on the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Database (MPFSDB) to determine if co-surgeon services are reasonable and necessary for a specific HCPCS/CPT code.

The MPFSDB is located at:

http://www.cms.hhs.gov/apps/ama/license.asp?file=/pfslookup/02_PFSsearch.asp
These are not medical necessity determinations and are not reviewed for medical necessity if appealed.
The payment determination is a contractual payment policy.

Surgical procedures billed for cosurgeons will fall into one of two categories: Codes that allow a cosurgeon; Codes that do not allow a cosurgeon. When billing for cosurgeon services, please use the same codes in CMS's "always" category. BCBSRI does not reimburse for Medicare's "sometimes" or "never" categories. Participating physicians may not require members to pay a cosurgeon fee even if the members accept responsibility to do so, as this is charging outside of the approved amount.

4. Bilateral Surgery

BCBSRI has adopted CMS payment policies with respect to bilateral services. In limited cases, the implementation of the CMS bilateral payment policy and edits will result in payment reductions that are not a result of enforcing correct coding. For example, CPT® may allow use of a bilateral modifier, yet the payment policy may be to allow the same payment whether for one or both sides. In other cases, edits will enforce correct coding. For example, some CPT codes have "unilateral or bilateral" in the descriptor making it clear the service is inherently bilateral.

Bilateral Surgery Payment Rules

The Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Relative Value Unit (RVU) file (currently labeled PPRRVUxx.xlsx) has a column labeled "Bilat Surg." In the column are indicator numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, or 9. Even though the indicator is labeled "surgery," a designation is made for every service. The indicators have the following effects and rationales:

- **0**: The modifiers 50, -RT, and -LT do not apply. The code represents a single side and/or both sides. Payment for one or both sides is the lower of the total charges or 100 percent of the allowance for a single side.
- 1: This designation indicates that the second side is treated as a multiple procedure and is accordingly reduced whether a modifier or two units of service are reported. BCBSRI does not typically unit price surgical services subject to multiple procedure reduction. Therefore, use modifiers. Payment is at 150 percent for -50 or combined -RT and -LT.
- 2: The service is bilateral by description. (In most cases application of modifiers or units is incorrect coding as the descriptor is explicitly bilateral.) Use of 50, -RT, -LT, or 2 units is not applicable. Payment is the lower of the charge or 100 percent of the service allowance.

- 3: This indicator does not occur on any surgeries. It is seen mostly in imaging of limbs and some eye codes. For procedures with status 3, we ask that you report each side as a single line using -RT/-LT. Payment is based on 100 percent for each side or the total charge if lower.
- 9: The concept of "bilateral" does not apply as this is used for items such as drug codes where bilateral is nonsensical.

Coding for Bilateral Services

BCBSRI claims filed with bilateral services using the -50 modifier should be filed on one line. Bilateral claims filed using the RT and LT should be filed on two separate lines.

5. Multiple Procedure Reduction Payment Rules:

BCBSRI follows the CMS Relative Value Units file for multiple surgical reductions (MSR) rules and the AMA CPT book for modifier 51 exempt codes and for add-on codes. CMS will reimburse the highest surgical procedure at 100%, and each additional separate procedure that is not considered bundled or denied at 50% of the allowable amount. Multiple procedure reductions apply to services rendered by the same physician on the same date of service.

CMS Multiple Procedure Indicators (MULT PROC) are found in the most current CMS National Physician Fee Schedule Relative Value File. The values assigned to CPT codes for reimbursement are:

- **0** No payment adjustment rules for multiple procedures apply.
- 2 Standard payment adjustment rules for multiple procedures apply.
- **3** Special rules for multiple endoscopic procedures apply if procedure is billed with another endoscopy in the same family.
- 4 Special rules for the technical component (TC) of diagnostic imaging procedures apply if procedure is billed with another diagnostic imagining procedure in the same family.
- 9 Concept of multiple surgical reductions does not apply.

AMA CPT Modifier 51 exempt and add-on codes

Codes that are modifier 51 exempt are separately reimbursed without reducing payment if services are appropriately reported together.

Add-on codes are separately reimbursed without reducing payment when appropriately billed with proper primary procedure codes.

6. Split Care Modifier (54, 55, 56)

BCBSRI follows CMS guidelines regarding which procedure codes are valid for use with split care modifiers 54, 55, 64. Reimbursements of modified codes are based on the CMS percentage on the RVU file.

7. Technical Component - TC

Technical Component refers to certain procedures that are a combination of a physician component and a technical component. Using modifier TC identifies the technical component. BCBSRI follows CMS guidelines for correct usage of the TC component. The TC modifier should only be appended to health service codes that that have a 1 in the PC/TC field on the National Relative Value Field file.

Multiple Modifiers

BCBSRI accepts the submission of multiple modifiers.

Modifier 24

In order to clarify the correct use of Modifier 24 when visits in the post-operative period combine post-operative care with E/M unrelated to the procedure, the following shall apply:

The primary reason for the service shall be the unrelated condition. Incidental minor findings or lower levels of medical decision making do not warrant separate E/M reporting. The number and level of E/M in the post-operative period reflects a range of anticipated complexity and number of visits.

When eligible to be reported, the basis of code selection shall not include the key components related to the procedure post-operative E/M.

In the case of planned separate surgeries (e.g., sequential cataract surgery) that are not staged procedures, E/M within the global period related to the second planned surgery is not separately reportable unless there is a significant change in the patient's condition. Confirming plans and verification of information that would be expected to be up to date as part the routine post-operative care, will not be considered a distinct service.

Modifier 25 (effective October 15, 2016)

Effective October 15, 2016, claims submitted with a problem oriented E & M code (99201-99215) or a general ophthalmological code (92002-92014) and a procedure code that has a 0, 10 or 90 day post-operative period payment on the E & M service will be reduced by 50%.

BCBSRI follows CMS's guidelines regarding correct use of modifier 25 for all products. As noted in National Government (NGS) Policy Education Article on Modifier 25, use of Modifier 25 indicates a "significant, separately identifiable E&M service by the same physician on the same day of the procedure or other therapeutic service." Both services must be significant, separate and distinct. In general, Medicare considers E&M services provided on the day of a procedure to be part of the work of the procedure, and as such, does not make separate payment. The exception to that rule is when the E&M documentation supports that there has been a significant amount of additional work above and beyond what the physician would normally provide, and when the visit can stand alone as a medically necessary billable service.

When billing an E&M service along with a procedure, the documentation in the member's medical record must clearly demonstrate that:

- the purpose of the evaluation and management service was to evaluate a specific complaint;
- the complaint or problem addressed can stand alone as a billable service;
- you performed extra work that went above and beyond the typical work associated with the procedure code;
- the key components of the appropriately selected E&M service were actually performed and address the presenting complaint;
- the purpose of the visit was other than evaluating and/or obtaining information needed to perform the procedure/service; and
- both the medically necessary E&M service and the procedure are appropriately and sufficiently
 documented by the physician in the patient's medical record to support the claim for these
 services.

Following are examples that illustrate the **appropriate** use of modifier 25:

- A patient is scheduled by the podiatrist to take care of a fibrous hamartoma. During the visit, the patient indicates that he has had numbness and oozing from a lesion on his heel. The podiatrist evaluates the lesion, determines that it is a diabetic ulcer and treats it appropriately.
 - o In this case the heel lesion is considered a separate and significant service.
- A patient sees a dermatologist for a lesion on his leg. During the exam, the patient mentions a rash on his arm. The symptoms have been worsening so that the patient has been unable to sleep at night due to the itching. The lesion on the leg is removed and the provider writes a prescription for the rash.

- o In this case the rash is considered to be a separate and significant service.
- A patient comes to the office with complaints of right knee pain. The physician takes a history and does an exam. An X-ray of the knee is obtained and the physician writes an order for physical therapy. He determines that the patient would benefit from a cortisone injection to the affected knee.
 - o In this case, a separate and significant E&M service was prompted by the knee pain for which the cortisone injection was given.

Following are examples that illustrate the **inappropriate** use of modifier 25:

- An established patient is seen in the office for debridement of mycotic nails. In the course of examining the feet prior to the procedure, Tinea Pedis is noted. Use of previously prescribed topical cream to treat the Tinea is recommended.
 - o In this case the Tinea was noted incidentally in the course of the evaluation of the mycotic nails and did not constitute a **significant** and separately identifiable E&M service above and beyond the usual pre and postcare associated with nail debridement.
- A patient is seen in the office for simple repair of a laceration of the right finger. It is determined that it has been longer than ten years since his last Td vaccine. After the repair, the wound is dressed, wound care instructions are given and a Td booster is administered.
 - O The work done is considered part of the typical care associated with this type of injury. An E&M component is included in the pre and postwork for the laceration.

In all cases where modifier 25 is appropriately employed, the provider must ensure that documentation is present in the patient's medical record to fully substantiate both the visit and the procedure.

BCBSRI recognized modifiers:

Billing Information

Refer to the most updated industry standard coding guidelines for a complete list of modifiers and their usage. In the instances when a modifier is submitted incorrectly with the procedure code, BCBSRI will deny the claim line for incorrect use of modifier.

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The list below represents the most common modifiers used by BCBSRI and identifies how they are used for claims processing. This is not an all-inclusive list of modifiers.

Note: The absence or presence of a modifier may result in a claim being denied.

Modifier	Modifier Description	System Indications	Reimbursement Impact
22	Unusual procedural services	Claims review for additional payment/not state supplied	Claim review required. Exception for BCBSRI: Modifier 22 is also used to differentiate when vaccine is not supplied by the state.
23	Unusual anesthesia	Informational	Informational only.

24	Unrelated evaluation and management	Payment during a global	Payment allowed
27	service by the same physician during the		based on percentage
	postoperative period	period	of contracted rate.
25	Significant, separately identifiable	Problem oriented E & M	Payment for 99201-
23	evaluation and management service by	99201-99215) or general	99215 or 92002-
	the same provider on the same day of	ophthalmological code	92014 will be
	the procedure or other service	(92002-92014) billed with	reduced by 50%, all
	the procedure of other service	a procedure code having a	other E & M's will
		0, 10 or 90 day post-	pay based on
		operative period.	contracted allowance.
		operative period.	contracted and warree.
26	Professional component	Percentage of payment	Payment allowed
			based on percentage
			of contracted rate.
32	Mandated services	Payment	Payment allowed
			based on percentage
			of contracted rate.
47	Anesthesia by surgeon	Informational	Informational
50	Bilateral procedure	Multiple procedure	Payment made at
	•	payment	150% of base code
			fee
51	Multiple procedures	Multiple procedure	Primary procedure
	1 1	payment	reimbursed at 100%
			of allowance and
			subsequent
			procedures
			reimbursed at 50% of
			allowance (other than
			add-on or 51 exempt
			codes).
52	Reduced services	Claims review for	Payment made at
		payment	80%
53	Discontinued services	Payment	Payment is made at
			50% of the allowable
			(effective 10/1/2014)
54	Surgical care only	Percentage of payment	Payment made at %
			of base code fee as
			outlined in CMS
	D	D	Physician RVU file.
55	Postoperative care only	Percentage payment	Payment made at %
			of base code fee as
			outlined in CMS
F/	D C 1	D.	Physician RVU file.
56	Preoperative care only	Percentage payment	Payment made at %
			of base code fee as
			outlined in CMS
57	Decision for surgery	Clobal payment	Physician RVU file.
5/	Decision for surgery	Global payment	Payment allowed based on percentage
			of contracted rate.
58	Staged or related procedure or service	Global percentage	Payment allowed
36	by the same physician during the		based on percentage
	postoperative period	payment	of contracted rate.
	postoperative period		or contracted rate.

= 0	D: : 1 1 :	ъ	D 11 1
59	Distinct procedural service	Payment	Payment allowed.
			Modifier is used to
			identify a distinct
			procedural service if
			there is no other
			modifier that can
			more accurately
			describe the distinct
			nature of the services
			performed. Please see
			appropriate HCPCS modifiers.
62	T / C	Claims review for	Claim review
02	Two surgeons/ Co-surgeons		
		payment	required. Payment
			made at 62.5% of
			base code fee
			allowance based on
(2	D 1 C 1 C	T. C 1	CMS.
63	Procedure performed on infants	Informational	Informational only.
66	Surgical team	Claims review payment by	Claim review
		report	required. Manual
			pricing required
			based on operative
			notes.
76	Repeat procedure by the same physician	Global payment	BCBSRI only
			recognizes this
			modifier with
			radiology codes.
			Payment allowed
			based on percentage
			of contracted rate.
			Modifier 76 not
			recognized on
			surgical codes.
77	Repeat procedure by another physician	Global payment	BCBSRI only
			recognizes this
			modifier with
			radiology codes.
			Payment allowed
			based on percentage
			of contracted rate.
			Modifier 77 not
			recognized on
			surgical codes.
78	Unplanned return to the operating	Global percentage of	Payment allowed
	room by the same physician following	payment	based on percentage
	the initial procedure for a related		of contracted rate.
	procedure during the postoperative		
	period		
79	Unrelated service or procedure by the	Global payment	Payment allowed
	same physician during the postoperative		based on percentage
	period		of contracted rate.

		Total:	01:
80	Assistant surgeon	Claim review percentage	Claims review
		of payment	required. Percentage
			based on contracted
			rate.
81	Minimum assistant surgeon	Claim review percentage	Claims review
		of payment	required. Percentag
			based on contracted
			rate.
82	Assistant surgeon (when qualified	Claim review percentage	Claims review
	resident surgeon not available)	of payment	required. Percentag
	,		based on contracted
			rate.
PCS MOD	DIFIERS		
			See Ground
bulance M	odifiers		Ambulance policy.
AA	Anesthesia service performed personal	lly Payment	Payment allowed base
	by anesthesiologists		on percentage of
	5) 111001100101081000		contracted rate.
AH	Clinical psychologist	Payment	Payment allowed bas
	Same poyenorogist	1 dyllielle	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
AJ	Clinical social worker	Payment	Payment allowed bas
11.5	Chinear social worker	1 ayment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
AS	Assistant surgeon for mid-levels	Claim review percentage	
AS	Assistant surgeon for mid-levels		Percentage based on
		payment	contracted rate.
			NOTE: BCBSRI doe
			not review AS modif
			for medical necessity
			When medical necess
			review is required for
			payment by BlueCH
			for Medicare, BCBS
			denies additional
			payment under the
			provider contract-
			Provider liability.
E1	Upper left eyelid	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed base
	,	navmont	

payment

payment

payment

payment

Multiple surgery

Multiple surgery

Multiple surgery

Lower left eyelid

Upper right eyelid

Lower right eyelid

E2

E3

E4

on percentage of

Payment allowed based

Payment allowed based

Payment allowed based

contracted rate.

on percentage of contracted rate.

on percentage of

on percentage of

contracted rate.

			contracted rate.
ED	Enderintenessation	D	D 11 1 1 1
EP	Early intervention	Payment	Payment allowed based
			on state
F4	T. C. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	3.f. 1.* 1	reimbursement.
F1	Left hand, second digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
770	2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26.11.1	contracted rate.
F2	Left hand, third digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
F3	Left hand, fourth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
F4	Left hand, fifth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
F5	Right hand, thumb	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
F6	Right hand, second digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
F7	Right hand, third digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
F8	Right hand, fourth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
F9	Right hand, fifth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
FA	Left hand, thumb	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
GA	Waiver of liability statement issued as	Payment	Indicates claims will
	required by payer policy, individual case		deny as member
			liability for health
			service.
GC	This service has been performed in part	Payment	Payment allowed based
	by a resident under the direction of a		on percentage of
	teaching physician		contracted rate.
GO	Services delivered under an outpatient	Payment 4	Claim will deny as
	occupational therapy plan of care	Effective 1/1/2014	provider liability if
			modifier is missing
GP	Services delivered under an outpatient	Payment	Claim will deny as
	physical therapy plan of care	Effective 1/1/2014	provider liability if
		. ,	modifier is missing
GU	Waiver of liability statement issued as	Payment	Claims will deny as
	required by payer policy, routine notice		member liability for
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		health service.
GX	Notice of liability issues, voluntary	Payment	Claims will deny as
	under payer policy	,	member liability for
	part part point,		health service.
		I .	

GY	Item or service is not covered	Payment	Claims will be not
O1	rem of service is not covered	ayment	covered.
JW	Drug amount discarded/not	Payment	Payment allows for the
J	administered to any patient	T Wy III CITE	amount of discarded
	manimistered to any padent		drug or biological.
KS	Requirements specified in the medical	Payment	Payment allows when
	policy have been met	(Eff. 1/1/2015)	medical criteria are met
KX	Requirements specified in the medical	Payment	Payment allows when
IXX	policy have been met	(Eff. 1/1/2014)	medical criteria are met
LT	Left	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
	Dert	payment	on percentage of
		payment	contracted rate.
NP	Nurse practitioner	Payment	Payment allowed based
111	ruise praeditioner	1 ayıncın	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
PA	Physician's assistant	Payment	Payment allows at pre-
r A	Filysician's assistant	rayineiit	determined
	(O) Ititi1-i-i1i	Informational	percentages.
Q0	(Q zero) Investigational clinical service		Only BlueCHiP for Medicare members
	provided in a clinical research study that		
	is in an approved clinical research study		who are participating in National Institutes of
			Health (NIH)-
			sponsored clinical trials
OV	M 1 1 1 C	D 4	(per CMS).
QK	Medical direction of two, three, or four concurrent anesthesia procedures	Payment	Payment allowed based on percentage of
			contracted rate.
QS	involving qualified individuals. Monitored anesthesia care services -	Informational	Informational only.
Q3	MAC	IIIIOIIIIauoilai	informational only.
QW	CLIA waived test	Payment	Payment allowed based
			on percentage of
			contracted rate.
QX	CRNA medical direction by physician	Payment	Payment allowed based
			on percentage of
			contracted rate.
QY	Medical direction of one CRNA by an	Payment	Payment allowed based
	anesthesiologist		on percentage of
			contracted rate.
QZ	CRNA service: without medical	Payment	Payment allowed based
	direction of a physician		on percentage of
			contracted rate.
RA	Replacement of a DME, Orthotic or	Informational	Payment allowed based
	Prosthetic Item		on percentage of
			contracted rate.
RB	Replacement of a Part of a DME,	Informational	Payment allowed based
	Orthotic or Prosthetic Item Furnished		on percentage of
	as Part of a Repair		contracted rate.
RR	Rental	Payment	Payment allowed based
			on percentage of
			contracted rate.
RT	Right	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of

			contracted rate.
T1	Left foot, second digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
T2	Left foot, third digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
Т3	Left foot, fourth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
T 4	Left foot, fifth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
T5	Right foot, great toe	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
Т6	Right foot, second digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
T 7	Right foot, third digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
Т8	Right foot, fourth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
Т9	Right foot, fifth digit	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
TA	Left foot, great toe	Multiple surgery	Payment allowed based
		payment	on percentage of
			contracted rate.
TC	Technical Component	Percentage of payment	Payment allowed based
			on percentage of
			contracted rate.
TU	Special payment rate	Prolonged services	Claims require review.
		payment	

Medically Unlikely Edits (MUEs) or Maximum Unit Limits

The Maximum Units of Service value used in our clinical editing is derived from several sources: National and Regional CMS (including DMEMAC), AMA guidelines, knowledge of anatomy, the standards of medical practice, FDA and other nationally recognized drug references, and claims data from provider billing patterns.

Diagnosis Codes

Code to the Highest Degree of Specificity

Providers who must select ICD-9-CM (ICD-10) diagnosis codes should use codes that provide the highest degree of accuracy and completeness, or the greatest specificity. For example, an ICD-9-CM carried to the 5th digit when applicable. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) require all Medicare practitioners to use ICD-9-CM (ICD-10) diagnosis codes with the highest specificity as requested by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).

MEDICAL CRITERIA

Not applicable

BACKGROUND

In the development of claim editing rules, BCBSRI, follows correct coding guidelines published by National and Regional CMS (including DMEMAC), AMA guidelines, knowledge of anatomy, the standards of medical practice.

COVERAGE

Not applicable as this policy is a reference document

CODING

See Policy section

RELATED POLICIES

None

PUBLISHED

Provider Update, August 2016 Provider Update, November 2015 Provider Update, November 2013 Provider Update, May 2013 Provider Update, November 2012 Provider Update, January 2012

REFERENCES

CMS National Correct Coding Initiatives Edits https://www.cms.gov/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/CMS Physician Fee Schedule https://www.cms.gov/PhysicianFeeSched/

How to use the National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Tools https://www.cms.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/How-To-Use-NCCI-Tools.pdf

National Government Services Education Policy Modifier 25 https://www.ngsmedicare.com/ngs/portal/ngsmedicare/newngs/home-lob/pages/policyeducation/modifiers/modifier

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